HB4447 CC #1 3-10

90 Days

Gaskins 4483

Delegate Shott, from the committee of conference on matters of disagreement between the two houses, as to

**Eng. House Bill No. 4447,** Providing for a uniform and efficient system of broadband conduit installation.

Submitted the following report, which was received:

Your committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two houses as to the amendment of the Senate to Engrossed Committee Substitute for House Bill 4447 having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective houses, as follows:

That both houses recede from their respective positions as to the amendment of the Senate striking out everything after the enacting clause, and agree to the same as follows:

# ARTICLE 2E. DIG ONCE POLICY.

#### §17-2E-1. Legislative findings.

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- (a) The Legislature finds that it is in the public interest to accommodate telecommunications facilities on Division of Highways right-of-way when the use of the right-of-way does not adversely affect the safety of the traveling public or impair the highway or its aesthetic quality or conflict with any federal, state, or local laws, rules, regulations, or policies.
  - (b) The Legislature further finds that a broadband connection is an essential part of developing the state and local economies, enhancing the transportation system and creating a safer and more secure environment for our citizens.
  - (c) The Legislature further finds that expanding telecommunication facilities will allow the state to participate in the E-Rate Program of funding for digital education in America to provide

- reliable services opportunities for education and training.
  - (d) The Legislature further finds that fast, reliable broadband connections enhance telemedical opportunities for our rural doctors and hospitals, linking them to our major medical centers. Thereby overcoming distance barriers, and improving access to medical services that often are not consistently available in rural communities.
  - (e) The Legislature further finds that instituting a dig once policy encourages telecommunications carriers to coordinate installation of broadband conduit to minimize costs to the carriers and minimize disruption and inconvenience to the traveling public.

# §17-2E-2. Definitions.

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- In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (1) "Broadband conduit" or "conduit" means a conduit, innerduct or microduct for fiber optic
   cables that support facilities for broadband service.
- 4 (2) "Broadband service" has the same meaning as defined in §31G-1-2 of this code.
- 5 (3) "Council" means the Broadband Enhancement Council.
- 6 (4) "Division" means the Division of Highways.
  - (5) "Longitudinal access" means access to or the use of any part of a right-of-way that extends generally parallel to the traveled right-of-way.
- (6) "Permit" means an encroachment permit issued by the Commissioner of the Division
   of Highways under the authority of this Code, and pursuant to the "Accommodation of Utilities
   On Highway Right Of Way and Adjustment and Relocation Of Utility Facilities On Highway
   Projects Policy", or equivalent policy, as currently enforced by the Division of Highways, that
- 12 Projects Policy", or equivalent policy, as currently enforced by the Division of Highways, tha
- specifies the requirements and conditions for performing work in a right-of-way.
- (7) "Right-of-way" means land, property, or any interest therein acquired or controlled by
   the West Virginia Division of Highways for transportation facilities or other transportation
   purposes or specifically acquired for utility accommodation.
  - (8) "Telecommunications carrier" means a telecommunications carrier:

18	(A) As determined by the Public Service Commission of West Virginia; or	
19	(B) That meets the definition of telecommunications carrier with respect to the Federal	
20	Communications Commission, as contained in 47 U.S.C. §153.	
21	(9) "Telecommunications facility" means any cable, line, fiber, wire, conduit, innerduct,	
22	access manhole, handhole, tower, hut, pedestal, pole, box, transmitting equipment, receiving	
23	equipment, power equipment or other equipment, system or device that is used to transmit,	
24	receive, produce or distribute a signal for telecommunications purposes via wireline, electronic	
25	or optical means.	
26	(10) "Utility facility" has the meaning ascribed to it in§17-2A-17a of this Code.	
27	(11) "Wireless access" means access to and use of a right-of-way for the purpose of	
28	constructing, installing, maintaining, using, or operating telecommunications facilities for	
29	wireless telecommunications	
	§17-2E-3. Use of rights-of-way. Broadband conduit installation in rights of way; permits;	
agreements; compensation; valuation of compensation.		
1	(a) Before obtaining a permit for the construction or installation of a telecommunications	
2	facility in a right-of-way, a telecommunications carrier must enter into an agreement with the	
3	Division consistent with the requirements of this article.	
4	(b) Before granting permitted longitudinal access or wireless access to a right-of-way, the	
5	Division of Highways shall	
6	(1) first enter into an agreement with a telecommunications carrier that is competitively	
7	neutral and nondiscriminatory as to other telecommunications carriers.	
8	(2) Upon receipt of any required approval or concurrence by the Federal Highway	
9	Administration the division may issue a permit granting access under this section: Provided, That	
10	the Division of Highways shall comply with all applicable federal regulations with respect to	
11	approval of an agreement, including but not limited to 23 C.F.R. § 710.403 and 23 C.F.R.	

13	effective and, without limitation:	
14	(A) Specify the terms and conditions for renegotiation of the agreement;	
15	(B) Set forth the maintenance requirements for each telecommunications facility;	
16	(C) Be nonexclusive; and	
17	(D) Be for a term of not more than 30 years.	
18	(b) Unless specifically provided for in an agreement entered into pursuant to §17-2E-3(a)	
19	of this code, the Division of Highways may not grant a property interest in a right-of-way pursuant	
20	to this article.	
21	(c) A telecommunications carrier shall compensate the Division of Highways for access to	
22	a right-of-way for the construction, installation, and maintenance of telecommunication facilities,	
23	the use of spare conduit or related facilities of the Division of Highways as part of any longitudina	
24	access or wireless access granted to a right-of-way pursuant to this section. The compensation	
25	must be, without limitation:	
26	(1) At fair market value;	
27	(2) Competitively neutral;	
28	(3) Nondiscriminatory;	
29	(4) Open to public inspection;	
30	(5) Calculated based on the geographic region of this state, taking into account the	
31	population and the impact on private right-of-way users in the region; and once calculated, set at	
32	an amount that encourages the deployment of digital infrastructure within this State:	
33	(6) Paid in monetary compensation or with in-kind compensation, or a combination of	
34	monetary compensation and in-kind compensation; and	
35	(7) Paid in a lump-sum payment or in annual installments, as agreed to by the	
36	telecommunications carrier and the Division of Highways.	
37	(d) The division may consider adjustments for areas, the Division in conjunction with the	
38	Council determines are underserved or unserved areas of the state and may consider the value	

- to such areas for economic development, enhancing the transportation system, expanding opportunities for digital learning, and telemedicine.
- (e) For the purpose of determining the amount of compensation a telecommunications carrier must pay the Division of Highways for the use of spare conduit or excess conduit or related facilities of the Division of Highways as part of any longitudinal access or wireless access granted to a right-of-way pursuant to this section, the division may:
- (1) Conduct an analysis once every five years, in accordance with the rules, policies, or guidelines of the Division of Highways, to determine the fair market value of a right-of-way to which access has been granted pursuant to this section; and
- (2) If compensation is paid in-kind, determine the fair market value of the in-kind compensation based on the incremental costs for the installation of conduit and related facilities.
- (f) The value of in-kind compensation, or a combination of money and in-kind compensation, must be equal to or greater than the amount of monetary compensation that the Division of Highways would charge if the compensation were paid solely with money.
- (g) The provisions of this article shall not apply to the relocation or modification of existing telecommunication facilities in a right-of-way, nor shall these provisions apply to aerial telecommunications facilities or associated apparatus or equipment in a right-of-way. Relocation of telecommunications facilities within rights-of-way for state highways shall be in accordance with the provisions of §17-4-17b of this code.

### §17-2E-4. Highway safety.

- (a) The Division of Highways, in its sole discretion, may deny any longitudinal access or wireless access if such access would compromise the safe, efficient, and convenient use of any road, route, highway, or interstate in this state for the traveling public.
- (b) Any longitudinal access or wireless access to a right-of-way granted by the Division of Highways pursuant to this article does not abrogate, limit, supersede, or otherwise affect access granted or authorized pursuant to the division's rules, policies, and guidelines related to

accommodation of utilities on highways' rights-of-way and adjustment and relocation of utility
 facilities on highway projects.

## §17-2E-5. Telecommunications carrier initiated construction and Joint use.

- (a) The Division of Highways shall provide for the proportionate sharing of costs between telecommunications carriers for joint trenching or trench sharing based on the amount of conduit innerduct space or excess conduit that is authorized in the agreements entered into pursuant to this article. If the division plans to use the trench, it shall pay its proportional share unless it is utilizing the trench as in-kind payment for use of the right-of-way.
- (b) Upon application for a permit, the carrier will notify, by email, the West Virginia Broadband Enhancement Council and all other carriers on record with the West Virginia Broadband Enhancement Council of the application. Other carriers have 30 calendar days to notify the applicant if they wish to share the applicant's trench. This requirement extends to all underground construction technologies.
  - (c) The carrier shall also meet the following conditions for a permit:
- (1) The telecommunications carrier will be required to place, at its sole expense, a Class II legal advertisement, in accordance with §59-3-2(a) of this code, and of a form and content approved by the Division of Highways, in the local project area newspaper, in the Charleston newspaper, on industry and the Division of Highways' websites, and within other pertinent media, announcing the general scope of the proposed installation within the right-of-way and providing competing telecommunications carriers the opportunity to timely express an interest in installing additional telecommunication facilities during the initial installation. The legal advertisement is to run at least two consecutive weeks, and the telecommunications carrier is to notify the division of any interest of other parties received.
- (2) If a competing telecommunications carrier expresses interest in participating in the project, an agreement between the two (or more) telecommunications carriers will be executed by those entities, outlining the responsibilities and financial obligations of each, with respect to

- the installation within the right-of-way. A copy of the executed agreement shall be provided to the
   Division of Highways.
  - (3) The telecommunications carrier that placed the legal advertisement is responsible for resolving in good faith all disputes between any competing telecommunications carriers that timely responded to the advertisement and that wishes to install facilities within the same portion of the rights-of-way to be occupied. Should a dispute arise between the initial telecommunications carrier and a competing telecommunications carrier, the initial telecommunications carrier will attempt to mediate the dispute. Any dispute that is not resolved by the telecommunications carriers shall be adjudicated by the Public Service Commission.
  - (d) If two or more telecommunications carriers are required or authorized to share a single trench, each carrier in the trench must share the cost and benefits of the trench in a fair, reasonable, competitively neutral, and nondiscriminatory manner. This requirement extends to all underground construction technologies.
  - (e) The Commissioner of the Division of Highways shall promulgate Rules governing the relationship between the telecommunications carriers, as hereinafter provided in this article.

### §17-2E-6. Monetary and in-kind compensation.

- (a) All monetary compensation collected by the Division of Highways pursuant to this
   article shall be deposited in the State Road Fund.
- (b) In-kind compensation paid to the Division of Highways under an agreement entered
   into pursuant to this article may include, without limitation:
- 5 (1) Conduit or excess conduit;
- 6 (2) Innerduct;

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- 7 (3) Dark fiber;
- 8 (4) Access points;
- 9 (5) Telecommunications equipment or services;
- 10 (6) Bandwidth; and

- 11 (7) Other telecommunications facilities as a component of the present value of the trenching.
  - (c) The Division of Highways shall value any in-kind compensation based on fair market value at the time of installation or review, and may also consider any valuation or cost information provided by the telecommunications carrier.
  - (d) In-kind compensation paid to the Division of Highways may be disposed of if both of the following conditions are met:
  - (1) The telecommunications facility received as in-kind payment has not been used within 10 years of it installation; and
  - (2) The Commissioner of the Division of Highways determines that the division does not have an immediately foreseeable need for the telecommunications facility.
  - (e) Upon determining that it is appropriate to dispose of the telecommunications facility, the division shall determine its current fair market value. The division shall offer the provider or providers who made the in-kind payment the option to purchase any telecommunications facility obtained from such provider. If the provider or providers do not purchase the telecommunications facility, it shall be offered for public auction in the same manner as the division auctions excess rights-of-way.

## §17-2E-7. Multiple carriers in a single trench.

(a) If the Division of Highways enters into an agreement with two or more telecommunications carriers, a consortium or other entity whose members, partners or other participants are two or more telecommunications carriers, or, if the division requires or allows two or more telecommunications carriers to share a single trench, the agreements entered into pursuant to this article shall require that the telecommunications carriers share the obligation of compensating the Division of Highways on a fair, reasonable and equitable basis, taking into consideration the proportionate uses and benefits to be derived by each telecommunications carrier from the trench, conduits, and other telecommunications facilities installed under the

9 <u>agreements.</u>

- (b) The provisions of §17-2E-7(a) of this code do not prevent the Division of Highways
   from requiring every participating telecommunications carrier to bear joint and several liability for
   the obligations owed to the Division of Highways under the agreements.
  - (c) Any agreement requiring two or more telecommunications carriers to share the obligation of compensating the Division of Highways shall provide the division the right to review and audit the records and contracts of and among the participating carriers to ensure compliance with §17-2E-7(a) of this code.

# §17-2E-8. Existing policies.

- (a) The requirements set forth in this article do not alter existing rules, policies, and procedures relating to other utility facilities within a right-of-way or for accommodating utility facilities or other facilities under the control of the Division of Highways.
- (b) The Division of Highways may consider the financial and technical qualifications of a telecommunications carrier when determining specific insurance requirements for contractors authorized to enter a right-of-way to construct, install, inspect, test, maintain, or repair telecommunications facilities with longitudinal access or wireless access to the right-of-way.
- (c) If the Division of Highways authorizes longitudinal access, wireless access, or the use of, and access to, conduit or related facilities of the division for construction and installation of a telecommunications facility, the division may require an approved telecommunications carrier to install the telecommunications facility in the same general location as similar facilities already in place, coordinate their planning and work with other contractors performing work in the same geographic area, install in a joint trench when two or more telecommunications carriers are performing installations at the same time and equitably share costs between such carriers.
- (d) The placement, installation, maintenance, repair, use, operation, replacement, and removal of telecommunications facilities with longitudinal access or wireless access to a right-of-way or that use or access conduit or related facilities of the division shall be accommodated only

- when in compliance with this code and Division of Highways rules, policies and guidelines.
- 19 (e) Access to a right-of-way must be administered in compliance with the 20 Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 U.S.C. §151, et seq., as amended.

### §17-2E-9. Rulemaking authority.

The Commissioner of the Division of Highways may promulgate rules pursuant to the provisions of §29A-3-15 of this code as may be necessary to carry out the purpose of this article, and as may have been specifically delineated within this article.;

And.

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That both houses recede from their respective positions as to the title of the bill and agree to the same as follows:

Eng. Com. Sub. for House Bill No. 4447 -- A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §17-2E-1, §17-2E-2, §17-2E-3, §17-2E-4, §17-2E-5, §17-2E-6, §17-2E-7, §17-2E-8, and §17-2E-9, all relating to providing a uniform and efficient system of broadband conduit installation coinciding with the construction, maintenance, or improvement of highways and rights-of-way under the oversight of the Division of Highways; making legislative findings; defining terms; providing procedures for broadband conduit installation in rights-of-way; providing for highway safety guidelines; establishing a procedure for joint use between telecommunications carriers; setting forth a procedure for monetary and in-kind compensation; providing a method for Division of Highways to offer excess conduit to a telecommunications carrier; setting forth standards to be utilized in agreements entered into by the Division of Highways and two or more telecommunications carriers in a single trench; providing that existing rules, policies, and procedures of the Division of Highways and United States Code shall control; and providing that the Commissioner of the Division of Highways may promulgate rules.

	Respectfully submitted,
Greg Boso	John Shott
Chair.	Chair.
Dave Sypolt	Roger Hanshaw
Robert Plymale  Conferees on the part of the Senate	Andrew Byrd  Conferees on the part of the House of
	Delegates.